Gazette of the United States, and Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

By JOHN FENNO, No. 119 Chesnut Street.

NUMBER 1742.] PHILADELPHIA: TUESDAY EVENING, APRIL 10, 1798. [VOLUME XIII.

For Sale, at the Stores of the Subscribers, on Walnut street Wharf,
195 casks of nails assorted
20 bales of sail canvass, from No. 1 to 8
53 casks yellow ochre
15 tierces bottled porter, 6 to 14 doz. each
London particular, India market } Madeira Wines
Teneriffe do. in hogsheads and pipes
Old Port do. in hhds.
Empty Claret bottles
6 cases of Ginghams, Dimities, Muslinets &c. assorted for the West-India market
4, 10, and 9 inch cables and 10 coils of cordage
Writing slates, ink stands and presses
20 puncheons Jamaica rum
1 bale seaming twine
160 bundles sheathing paper

THE BRIG
AMAZON,
For Sale, or Charter.
Nicklin & Griffith.
april 7 tuth&f.tf

For Norfolk, Petersburgh and Richmond,

The fast sailing Schooner
FAVOURITE,
Wm. W. Weymouth, master,
WILL sail in all next week. For Freight or Passage (having excellent accommodations) apply to the Master on board, at Jesse and Robert Waln's wharf, or to
GEORGE PLUMSTED,
No. 166 South Front street.
april 5 3t

FOR SALE.
195 boxes white } Havannah Sugar
107 do. brown }
200 Hides
Will be landed to morrow, at Willings and Francis's wharf, from on board the brig Active, William Williams, master.
ALSO,

The said Brig for sale,
And may take in immediately after discharged.
Apply to
Jehu Hollingsworth & Co.
march 30. §

This Day will be Landed,
At Morris's wharf, just above the Drawbridge, from on board the brig Eliza, capt. Vaughan, from Malaga—
Fresh Fruits, Wine and Brandy
Lemons in chests and half chests
Raisins of the Sun in kegs
Figs in do.
Soft shell'd Almonds in sacks
Grapes and Olives in jars
Bloom and Muscatel Raisins in boxes
Anchovies in kegs
Jordan and Bitter Almonds in boxes
Old Mountain Wine in qr. casks
Brandy in butts. &c. &c.
For Sale by
PETER KUHN.

P. S.

The above Brig for sale if immediately applied for; she is a remarkable fine fast sailing vessel, having made her passage to and from Malaga in little more than 60 days.
march 26. 10t

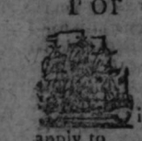
Freight Wanted.
FOR BREMEN,
The Hamburgh Brig

HENRIETTA,
Peter P. Schmidt, Master,
NOW lying at Jesse and R. Waln's wharf—A stout, strong vessel, of about 270 tons burthen, in good order; has two thirds of her cargo ready to go on board, and begins to load to-morrow.
For *Freight* only, apply to
PRATT & KINTZING,
No. 95, North Water-street.
Who have JUST RECEIVED, and FOR SALE,
12 bales Tickleburgs and Oznabrigs
2 do. Patterbornes
1 do. bleached Hessians
1 package Oil Cloth
1 chest and 8 barrels Snuff Boxes
30 Liquor Cases
20 anchors pearl Baryle, and
4 cases elegant Carriage Harnels, Whips, Spurs, &c.
—THEY HAVE FOR SALE—
Claret in cases, Port Wine in pipes, Russia Soap in small boxes, Rice, Brimstone, Tumblers, Window Glass, Slates, a cargo of excellent Mahogany, Hessians, Brown Rolls, Polish Linens, empty Coffee Bags, &c &c. all entitled to the drawback.
march 20. tuths1w

For Hamburgh,
THE SHIP

DOMINICK TERRY,
John Fleming, Master,
Having great part of her cargo engaged.—For freight apply to
Jesse & Robert Waln.
February 26 §

For Sale or Charter,



The Snow
GOOD HOPE
Will carry about 1200 barrels, and is ready to take in a cargo. For terms apply to
Pragers & Co.
No. 151, South Second-street.
Who have for sale—prime St. Croix Sugar and Rum, Madera, Lisbon, and Teneriffe wine.
November 7. dtf

NOTICE
IS hereby given, that the Subscriber, an insolvent debtor, confined in the common goal of the County of Cape May in the state of New-Jersey, hath presented his petition to the Judges of the Inferior Court of Common Pleas, in and for the said county, praying that they would attend to hear what can be alledged for or against his liberation, pursuant to an act of the Legislature of this State, entitled "an act for the relief of insolvent debtors," passed the 26th day of January 1798—And the the said court did appoint Monday the 26th day of March next for the purpose aforesaid; to meet at the Court House in the Middle Precinct, at eleven o'clock, in the forenoon of the said day, of which his creditors are requested to take notice.
CHARLES ALLEN.
Cape May, Feb. 8, 1798.
Feb. 14—1aw5w

THOMAS & JOSHUA FISHER,
HAVE FOR SALE,
At No. 5, Dock-street, near the Drawbridge,
China ware nankeen dining setts, tea and coffee cups and saucers
Nankeens, black sattins and tassities
Pungem cloths, choppah romalls, and bandannoes
China and English umbrellas,
Together with a general assortment of European Goods—among which are
Scots thread in boxes
6d. 8d. 10d. 12d and 20d. nails
Shot—T. Crowley steel, Spanish brown and white lead
English scythes 42 to 50 inches
ALSO,
112 barrells of kiln dry'd Indian corn meal.
A commodious Store in Dock-street,
No. 7, to be let, three stories high, suitable for any business.
4th mo. 5th §tf

Just Landing
From the brig Harmony from the Isle of France,
And for sale By
Joseph Anthony & Co.
20 bales Bourbon cotton of a superior quality
150 bags do. coffee
24 casks do. Indigo
april 3 dtot

IMPORTED,
In the Brig BENJAMIN FRANKLIN, from Bourdeaux,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
Claret in casks
White wine in half casks
Sweet oil of a superior quality in boxes and baskets
Lunelle, Sauterne, Macarty, and Medoc } Wines in Cases.
Thomas Murgatroyd,
No. 11, Walnut Street.
WHO HAS ON HAND,
Bourdeaux Brandy in pipes
Irish market, Medoc, and Sauterne } Wines in cases. } Intitled to drawback
Sherry wine in pipes and quarter casks
Rota
Pimento in bags
Two trunks of Umbrellas, and
About 4000 bushels Liverpool Salt.
march 19 mw&ftf

Treasury Department,
March 19, 1798.
NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
THAT proposals will be received at the Office of the Secretary of the Treasury until the expiration of the 15th day of July next ensuing, for the supply of all rations which may be required for the use of the United States, from the first day of October 1798, to the thirtieth day of September 1799, both days inclusive, at the places and within the district hereafter mentioned, viz. At Oswego; at Niagara; at Presque Isle; at Michilimackinac; at Fort Franklin; at Pittsburgh; at Le Beuf; at Cincinnati; at Greenville; at Picque Town and Loramie's Store; at Fort Wayne; at Fort Defiance; at any place below Fort Defiance on the Miami River to Lake Erie; at Fort Knox and Quatanon on the River Wabash; at Massac; at any place or places on the east side of the River Mississippi above the mouth of the River Ohio, and upon the Illinois River; at any place or places on the east side of the Mississippi River below the mouth of the River Ohio to the southern boundary of the State of Kentucky, and within the said State; at Knoxville, Tellico Block House, and at all other Posts in the State of Tennessee; at any place or places on the east side of the River Mississippi, below the southern boundary of the State of Tennessee, to the southern boundary of the United States.
If supplies shall be required for any posts or places not mentioned in this notice, all such supplies shall be furnished at prices proportioned to those to the posts before recited, as may be agreed on between the United States and the contractor.
The rations to be supplied to consist of the following articles, viz.
One pound of bread or flour
One pound of beef or twelve ounces of pork or bacon
Half a gill of rum, brandy or whisky, one quart of Salt, two quarts of vinegar, two pounds of soap, one pound of candles } per hundred rations
The rations are to be furnished in such quantities, as that there shall at all times during the said term, be sufficient for the consumption of the troops at Michilimackinac, Detroit, Niagara, and Oswego, for the term of six months in advance, and at each of the other posts, for the term of at least three months in advance, in good and wholesome provisions, if the same shall be required. It is to be understood, that the contractor is to be at the expence and risk of issuing the supplies to the troops at each post, and that all losses sustained by the depredations of an enemy, or by means of the troops of the United States, shall be paid for at the price of the articles captured or destroyed, on the depositions of two or more persons of creditable characters, and the certificate of a commissioned officer, ascertaining the circumstances of the loss and the amount of the articles for which compensation shall be claimed.
The priviledge is reserved to the United States of requiring that none of the supplies which may be furnished under the propesed contract, shall be issued, until the supplies which have or may be furnished under the contract now in force have been consumed.
OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.
march 27. 2awtfsjy

FOR SALE,
ALL that elegant three story Brick House, brick Kitchen and Lot of Ground situate on the south west corner of Fourth and Prune streets, containing in front on Fourth street 38 feet, and in length on Prune street 98 feet, to a four feet alley intended to be left open with common privilege of the same.
Also, a two story brick House and Lot of Ground situate on the west side of Fourth street and adjoining the above, containing in breadth on Fourth street 25 feet 6 inches, and in depth 98 feet on the said four feet alley, with the common privileges of the same.
And also, all that Lot of Ground situate on the west side of Fourth street and adjoining the last described lot, containing in breadth on Fourth street 25 feet 6 inches, and in depth on the north side 102 feet, thence running southward 11 feet 6 inches, thence further westward 12 feet, thence still further southward 14 feet, and thence by the Chapel ground 114 feet to Fourth street, with the common use of the said four feet alley leading into Prune street. The whole will be sold together if more agreeable to the purchaser.
For terms, enquire of the subscriber, at his office, No. 124 South Fourth street.
ABRAHAM SHOEMAKER.
march 31. 3awtf

Twenty Dollars Reward.
THE Store occupied on account of the United States, back of No. 71, North Water-street was on the night of the 19th instant (March) broken open, and the following articles stolen, and taken therefrom:
Nine pieces Stroud, viz.

2374	20 ½ yds.	Blue stroud single cord.
2378	20 ¾	
2379	20	
2380	20 ½	Two cord.
2381	20 ¾	
2382	20	
2383	20 ¼	
2384	20	
2385	20 ¼	

The above reward is offered, for the discovery of the perpetrators of this robbery, so that they be apprehended, and made amenable to justice; further reward will be paid, for the recovery of any part of the goods stolen, on delivery of the same to
JOHN HARRIS,
Keeper Military Stores.
april 2. 1w

New Publication.
A Sensible, Seasonable and Spirited
ADDRESS,
Written by a Citizen of Philadelphia—entitled,
"What is our Situation?
AND
What our Prospects?"
A few Pages for Americans.
For Sale by WILLIAM YOUNG,
Corner of Chesnut and Second streets,
And at the Office of the Editor, 119 Chesnut str.
(Price three sixteenths of a dollar)
Extract from the above.
"*It is astonishing to hear the expence of war so often urged, and by well meaning people too, against our taking any measures of self-preservation—shall we be destroyed, because we will not incur the expence of defence. For my own part, if it is necessary I should give one half of all I have to save the other, I shall not hesitate to do so—If more is requisite, more shall be given; and if finally, I must give up all to preserve my life and liberty, all shall be freely given. The true wealth of a nation consists in its independence and security, and not in accumulating gold to lie in useless heaps, or enrich the triumph of a savage conqueror—At a time when half the world is racked in dire convulsions, when immense countries are desolated and powerful nations extirpated, if we escape with expence only, we may deem ourselves very fortunate.*"
april 5 dtf

Valuable Property for Sale.
FOR SALE,
THAT well known Estate, called SHREWSBURY FARM, formerly the residence of General John Cadwalader, situate on Sassafras River, in Kent county, Maryland—containing about 1900 acres of prime LAND, upwards of 500 of which are in woods. The Buildings are all excellent, and consist of a handsome Dwelling House, two large Barns with Cow houses, Stables for fifty horses, a spacious treading floor under cover, a granary, two Overseer's houses, two ranges of two story buildings for Negroes (one of them new and of brick), Corn houses, a Smoak house, &c. &c.—The whole Estate being nearly surrounded by water, it requires but little fencing, and has a good Shad and Herring fishery. It is conveniently situated for both the Philadelphia and Baltimore markets, with two landings on a navigable river but a short sail from Baltimore. There is a large Peach, and two large Apple Orchards on the premises; also, a variety of excellent fruits of different kinds. The soil is mostly a rich loom.—The whole will be sold together, or divided into smaller farms (for which the buildings are conveniently situated) as may suit the purchaser. The Stock on said Farm, consisting of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, &c. will also be disposed of.——For further particulars apply to GEORGE HASTINGS, on the premises, or to the subscriber, in Philadelphia.
ARCHIBALD M'CALL, JUN.
February 24. 2aw6w

Escapes.
BROKE the Prison of Cumberland county, in New-Jersey, and made their escape, between 1 and 2 o'clock, this morning, two Men, who were convicted of stealing—one of them calls himself James Legg, the other Edward Hambleton—Legg is a grey-headed Man. about 50 years old, 5 feet 8 inches high, thick set, with a remarkable large head; Hambleton is about 26 years old, 5 feet, 9 or 10 inches high, black hair. Lest the prison in company with the above described thieves, a small man, who calls himself Matthew Morrison, about 24 years old, 5 feet 6 inches high, light hair, fair complexion, smiles when talking, is a wheel-wright by trade——Whoever will secure the thieves in any Gaol in New-Jersey or Pennsylvania, shall be entitled to receive Ten Dollars for the old one, Fifteen for the young one, and Twenty for Matthew Morrison.
GEORGE BURGIN, *Sheriff.*
Bridgetown, march 15. 24—int&f3w

Law Book Store,
No. 319, High-street.
GEORGE DAVIS,
IMPRESSED with the favors shewn him in his efforts to establish a Store for the sale of Law Books only, begs leave to inform the Gentlemen of the Bar generally throughout the United States, that in addition to his collection now on hand, which he supposes to be more extensive, than in the possession of any one person for sale in America, he expects daily very large supplies from London & Dublin, particularly from the latter place, having chiefly confined his importations to those editions, as being in his opinion equally correct with the London copies, and well known to be infinitely lower charged.
G. D. limiting himself, solely to the sale of Law Books, it will appear obvious to professional gentlemen the great advantages they have m purchasing from him, both as to selection and price, of which the encouragement he has received for several years past, is the best testimony he can offer.
march 20. 3aw3w

For Sale,
A good situation for a Country SEAT,
Forty acres of Land,
On the Old York road, within sight of Germantown, and about five miles from the city; the whole being under good fence, and in excellent order as pasture ground.
For further information and terms, apply to JOHN ELLIOTT CRESSON, at his Office for the sale of Real Estates, Conveyancing, &c. No. 54, High-street.
4th mo. 3d. tu&f 11t

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
March 30th. 1798.
Public Notice is hereby given,
THAT by an act of Congress passed on the 19th day of March, 1798, the following alterations and amendments have been made to the act passed on the 6th day of July 1797, entitled "An act laying duties on stamped vellum, parchment and paper."
I.
The stamp duties on debentures or certificates for the drawback of Customs or duties on Imports are repealed.
II.
A discount at the rate of seven and one half per Centum, will be allowed by the Supervisors or Inspectors respectively, to any persons other than Officers of the Revenue, who may purchase at one time or procure to be stamped, any quantities of Vellom, Parchment or Paper, upon which the duties shall amount to Ten Dollars or upwards.
III.
Stamped Paper, will be provided and sold at the rates prescribed by law, without any additional charge or expense on account of the price of Paper; but for stamped Parchment or Vellum, an additional price will be demanded at the rate of Fifty Cents for each skin of Parchment, or Two Hundred Cents for each skin of Vellum of medium size, which may be furnished at the expense of the United States and proportionally for any lesser quantity.
Given under my hand, at Philadelphia, the day and year above mentioned.
OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.

FORGERIES.
WHEREAS several forgeries have been committed in this city and New-York and other places by 3 or 4 men, who are now confined in New-York goal for life, one of them by name Dr. Grant, alias Smith White; another by name Dr. Gilbert, alias Lewis; forged a bill of exchange on Nicholas Cook of New-York with a letter of advice from Messrs. Brown, Benson & Ives of Providence, they also forged 3 checks in the name of Nicholas Cook, also 2 checks in the name of John Rathbone—William Grant is about 24 years old, light complexion, long favored, his countenance by no means expressive, but rather silly or unmeaning; breathes uncommonly hard, and frequently heaves a sigh, rather thin built, slender constitution, has a hacking cough, consumptive look, wore a green cloth coat in July '96, has a defect in one or both front teeth, lived some time clerk with Nicholas Cook in New-York—Gilbert, alias Lewis is rather fat or lusty, has a scar over one of his eyes, Grant & Gilbert in June 1796 forged letters of recommendation and credit to this city, from J. Rathbone, Nicholas Cook, Hoyt & Tom, Pell & Mellick, John Rathbone's was well executed, Grant boarded at Mr. Grimes' Tavern the George, corner of Mulberry and Second-street; Gilbert in 7th street, and kept a one horse chaise.—Grant slept in a room with Mr. Robert Bicknell, and broke open his bureau, while Mr. B. was at Baltimore, and stole a bill of exchange for 120 dollars, from the signature he forged 2 drafts on the Pennsylvania bank, dated 6 July '96, one for four hundred and forty-two dollars, and gave it to Mr. Wilcox's black boy to receive, the Bank being shut the boy was taken into custody by Mesher a constable, the draft lays at the Mayor's office; the other draft for 225 dollars was paid by the Bank soon in the morning of the 7th July—on the 9th, Saturday afternoon, he received through the hands of Messrs. Debauffre and Goodwin a draft of William Priestman's, dated 8th July on the United States Bank for 100 dollars. Being too late to receive it that night, he forged another from the signature on the United States Bank for 446 dollars dated 10th July Sunday, which was paid on Monday morning, early 13th or 14th July he appeared in a new dress new boots, &c. and removed to a more retired lodging, at Mrs. Smith's between Arch and Race-streets, 8 days after, he set out for Virginia Springs, but upon the road he slept in a room with a gentleman and robbed his saddle bags of some watches for which he was sentenced at Baltimore to the wheel barrow, but lately released, having very good friends in Connecticut.—Any person who can prove his writing upon conviction of the offender, shall receive 100 dollars reward, as the United States Bank have refused to pay the money, apply to William Priestman, No. 15 South 5th-street Philadelphia.
In a few days the 3 checks evidently wrote by the same Grant, 2 gentlemen having sworn to his writing, will be left at the Mayor's office for inspection.
april 2. 6t.

Israel Morris against Thomas Margatroyd, James Bell, Marshall and Benjamin Smith, Executors of Samuel Tucker, deceased.	Maryland. In Chancery, March 8, 1798.

THE object of the bill, is for the Complainant, Israel Morris, to obtain relief against a judgment on a bond by him executed, on the 31st day of December, 1782, to the said Samuel Tucker, for the sum of £.200 principal.—The relief is prayed on the ground, that the Complainant assigned, by way of security for the said money, a bond to him the Complainant, executed by Samuel Downing, for the sum of £.350 that the said Tucker received of the money due on the said last mentioned bond the sum of £.100 and neglected to take steps for obtaining the residue, until the said Downing became insolvent.
The bill states that all the defendants are now residents of the State. It is therefore, on his motion, adjudged and ordered, that he cause a copy of this order to be inserted, three weeks successively, in some newspaper of Philadelphia, in or near which the defendants reside, at any time before the first day of May next, or served upon each of the defendants generally, before the said day; to the intent that they have notice of the complainants application to this court and of the substance and object of his bill and may be warned to appear here on or before the third Tuesday in September next, to shew cause, wherefore a decree should not pass as prayed.
Attest,
SAMUEL HARVEY HOWARD,
Reg. Cur. Can.
april 3 co3w

FOR SALE, AT
WM. YOUNG'S *Book Store,*
No. 52, Second street, the corner of Chesnut street.
REPORT of the Committee of the House of Representatives of the United States, appointed to prepare and report Articles of Impeachment against WILLIAM BLOUNT, a Senator of the United States, impeached of high crimes and misdemeanors, made in pursuance of a resolution of the House of Representatives, authorizing the said Committee to sit during the recess of Congress, and instructing them "to enquire, and, by all lawful "means, to discover the whole nature and extent "of the offence whereof the said William Blount "stands impeached, and who are the parties and "associates therein."
Printed by order of the House of Representatives
December 20, §

Manchester Goods.
Received by the latest arrivals from Liverpool, several trunks, suitable for the present and approaching season, which will be sold very low for cash or on a short credit, viz.
7-8 and 9-8 Printed Calicoes
Fancy Waistcoating in Marseilles, &c.
Cotton and silk and cotton Hosiery, Pantaloons, &c.
A variety of (English) Umbrellas
Nankeens, cotton Hhkfs. Shoe binding, &c.
N. B. A case of printed Muslinets, and a trunk of Pullicat Bangalore Handkerchiefs, entitled to drawback, and very suitable for the West-Indies.
Apply No. 35 South Water and corner of Chesnut street. 4 mo. 4—§1w

Just Received,
AND FOR SALE BY
ISAAC HARVEY, JUN.
(No. 6, South Water Street,)
A Quantity of Georgia Cotton.
ALSO,
Prime Aux-Cayes Molasses
Raisins in kegs
Sugar in barrels—and
A few tons of Nicaragua wood.
4th mo 4th §2w

For Sale,
BY ELLISTON & JOHN PEROT,
No. 41, *North Water Street,*
London particular Madeira Wine, in pipes and quarter casks, 4 years old and fit for immediate use.
Inferior do.
A few bales Allibad Cosses
Baudanna Handkerchiefs
Sail Canvass, No. 1, to 6
A few bags of Juniper Berries
A parcel of Soal Leather, and
A few boxes of China.
march 3 tu&f4w

Valuable Stands for Business.
FOR SALE—by the Subscriber,
Two Lots of Ground,
Situate on the south side of Chesnut-street, between Second and Third streets:—one containing eighteen feet, and the other seventeen feet, more or less, on the said street, and both extending the same breadth, one hundred and forty-eight, more or less, to Carter's alley.
There are, on Chesnut-street, two two story
BRICK HOUSES
(Numbers 80 and 82)
Which may readily be made into one; and, on Carter's alley, there is a convenient, well built three-story
Brick House and Kitchen,
Almost new, which has two rooms on a floor and a front of eighteen feet on said alley.
This property is clear of ground-rent, and an indisputable title will be given to the purchaser.
The three Houses will be sold separately or together.
Further particulars may be known on application to
ZACHARIAH POULSON, JUN.
No 80, Chesnut-street, or at the Library.
march 23. §eif8w

Balkenridge—for sale
IT consists of 920 acres, almost all of which is a fine rich Meadow, (the residence of the late Earl of Sterling). It may be conveniently divided into five farms, four of which are bounded on the East by the river Passaick.
There are on it a number of buildings, forming a square of nearly three acres—The dwelling house is a very convenient one and a small expence would put it in complete repair.
The orchard consists of 1500 fine bearing engrafted Apple Trees—and there is on other parts of said tract near 300 other Apple Trees—as also a great variety of other fruits, particularly Cherries of the best and most delicious kinds.
Also, a great number of beautiful Exotics and Forest Trees, that add to the beauty and convenience of the place. Its situation is about 18 miles from the towns of Newark and Elizabeth: 10 do. from Morris-Town, and 12 from Springfield—It is wooded and watered.
To save trouble, the price is five pound pr. acre in cash, on delivery of the deeds. Please to enquire of T. M'EUEN & Co.
No. 78, Chesnut treet,
February 2. eodtf

To the Afflicted with
NERVOUS Disorders, loss of appetite, female complaints, debilitated constitutions, inward weaknesses, lowness of spirits, seminal weaknesses, indigestion, decayed, weak or relaxed constitutions, pains in the limbs, poverty of blood, sinking anxieties, and tremors, which so dreadfully affect the weak, the sedentary and the delicate, every symptom of extreme debility, attendant on the indiscretions of youth, the consequences of a dissipated life; excess of pleasure or grief, change of climate, the immoderate use of tea, spirituous liquors, or any intemperance; disorders incident to young girls and women at a certain period of life—
THE CELEBRATED
Cordial Restorative Balsam,
Is a medicine of absolutely specific and unparalleled virtues, in the speedy and effectual cure of the above disorders, having stood a trial of many successful years, during which period many have been restored from the brink of the grave.
Youth and age of either sex, are equally the objects of this Restorative, and they will uniformly participate in its salubrious qualities and effects; for whether the system has received a shock, and is debilitated, from imprudencies or inattention in the earlier part of life, or is sinking under the advance of years, a small quantity of this medicine will give present relief to, and afford a pleasing prospect of returning health and strength, by giving tone to the muscular system and organs of digestion, and in a great measure renovating the constitution.
Women at any period of life, may by this medicine be freed from the most afflicting disorders incident to the sex, and at a certain period it is most highly useful.
The Cordial Restorative Balsam is sold genuine (only) by the proprietor, Dr. JAMES CHURCH, at his medicine store, No 1, South Third street, next Market-street, Philadelphia; where may be had an account of the virtues of this Restorative and a list of cures.
§ april 3 2aw1w

The Owners of 5982 Dollars
Captured in the schooner Lovely Lady of New-York, captain Edward Johnston, by the French privateer Revanche, captain Antoine Berard, on the 13th of last July, are requested to make immediate application to the Department of State respecting the same.
Department of State,
Philadelphia, April 2, 1798.

On Tuesday, the 10th day of April next, at 7 o'clock in the evening, at the City Tavern, Second Street, in the City of Philadelphia,

WILL be expoſed to public ſale, ſeventeen tracts or parcels of land ſituated in Point township in the county of Northumberland, and containing in the whole ſix thouſand ſeven hundred and ſixty-four acres and three quarters, with the uſual allowance for roads.

Terms of ſale, 1-3 of the purchaſe money on the execution of the deed, 1-3 in three months, and 1-3 in ſix months, in good notes or other approved ſecurity

CONNELLY & Co. *Auct.*

March 9. tawtfa dtf a

MESSAGE

Of the Preſident of the United States,
To both Houſes of Congreſs,
APRIL 3, '98

With the Diſpatches from the Envoys of the United States at Paris,
Which accompanied the Same.

FOR SALE

At No. 63 North 3d ſtreet, at Way & Groff's Printing-Office. No. 27 Arch ſtreet, and at the office of the Editor No. 109, Cheſnu-ſtreet

Now Opening,

At WILLIAM M'LAWS Saddle Manufactory, *No. 72, Cheſnut Street,*

A general aſſortment of Horſeman's Piſtols, direct from the Manufacturers in London.

ALSO ON HAND,

Saddles, Bridles, Holſters, Half Covers, Light Horſeman's Caps, Swords, Cartouch Boxes, Valices, Saddle Bags, Portmanteau's, Hard Leather Trunks, Carriage and Chair Harneſs, &c.

april 9 dtf

For Sale,

BY THE SUBSCRIBER, NO. 10, CHESNUT STREET,

11 Caſks of Carolina Indigo,

Which will be ſold on reaſonable terms on a ſhort credit.

Robert Henderſon.

april 2 mw&s4w

Madeira Wine.

A few pipes of remarkably fine Madeira, fit for immediate uſe, and at a reduced price—For ſale by JAMES YARD.

April 4. d2w

TO BE LET,

And poſſeſſion given immediately,

A genteel three ſtory brick Houſe,

No. 7, North Eighth ſtreet,

24 feet front and 55 feet deep, with a handſome Garden.——Enquire at No. 128 Spruce ſtreet.

april 7 §

Notice—Agreeably to charter,

Is hereby given to the members of "the corporation for the relief of poor and diſtreſſed preſbyterian miniſters and the poor and diſtreſſed widows and children of preſbyterian miniſters," that a meeting of ſaid corporation is to be holden, on the 16th day of May next, at 4 o'clock P. M. in the ſecond preſbyterian church in the city of Philadelphia, for the diſpatch of all ſuch buſineſs as may then be brought before the board.

ASHBEL GREEN,
Secretary of the Corporation.

April 7. tawt16m

The Annual Election

FOR Directors and a Treaſurer of the Library Company of Philadelphia, will be held at the Library, in Fifth ſtreet, on Monday, the 7th of May next, at three o'clock in the afternoon, when the Treaſurer will attend to receive the annual payments.

As there are ſeveral ſhares on which fines are due, the owners of them, or their repreſentatives, are hereby notified, that they will be forfeited, agreeably to the laws of the company, unleſs the arrears are paid off on the ſaid 7th day of May, or within ten days after.

By order of the Directors,
BENJAMIN R. MORGAN, Secretary.

April 7 3aw

Pennſylvania Hoſpital,

4th mo. 7th, 1798.

THE Contributors to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital, are to meet on the ſeventh day of next Month, being the ſecond day of the week, at the ſaid Hoſpital at three o'clock in the afternoon, to elect twelve Managers and a Treaſurer, for the enſuing year.

By order of a board of Managers.
SAMUEL COATES, *Sec'ry.*

april 7 dtE

NOTICE.

THE Partnerſhip of the ſubſcribers, trading under the firm of PAXSON & RICHARDSON, was diſſolved on the ſixth of the third month laſt, by mutual conſent. All perſons indebted thereto are earneſtly requeſted to make payment; and thoſe that have any demands againſt the ſame, are deſired to preſent their accounts for ſettlement to either of the ſubſcribers.

Iſaac Paxſon,
Nathaniel Richardſon.

Philadelphia, 4th mo. 3d, 1798.

ISAAC PAXSON,

Continues to carry on the buſineſs at the uſual place, No. 10, South Third ſtreet, where he has on hand a large aſſortment of Ironmongery, Saddlery, Cutlery and Braſs Wares, which he will ſell wholeſale or retail, on low terms, for caſh or the uſual credit. He expects to receive by the firſt veſſels from London, Briſtol, Liverpool and Hull, a large addition to his preſent aſſortment; and will execute with punctuality and care any orders from he former cuſtomers, and his friends in general. 2aw4w

The City Dancing Aſſembly,

Intended for Thurſday evening next is unavoidably poſtponed until Friday, the 13th of April when the ſeaſon will be cloſed.

PROPOSALS,

BY THE

Inſurance Company of North America.

For INSURANCE againſt FIRE, on Dwelling-Houſes, Ware-Houſes, and other Buildings (and on Goods contained in ſuch Buildings) diſtant from Philadelphia, in the United States.

I. Common Inſurances, on hazards of the firſt claſs, will be undertaken at a premium of about half per cent. per annum. For extra hazardous riſques a larger premium will be required, which will vary according to circumſtances, ſeldom exceeding one per cent. per annum; but in ſome inſtances, where the property inſured is not only in itſelf extra hazardous, but rendered ſtill more ſo by the vicinity of extra hazardous buildings and occupations, the premium demanded will be raiſed according to circumſtances.

Houſes and Ware-Houſes, the walls and partitions of which are wholly of ſtone or brick, well conſtructed, ſo as to be guarded as well as may be againſt fires from within, and free from extra hazardous buildings and occupations in their neighborhood, will be deemed hazardous of the firſt claſs, and may be inſured to their full value.

Alſo Goods and Merchandize, not of an extra hazardous kind, in caſks, bales, or packages, depoſited in ſuch buildings, to an amount not exceeding 4000 dollars; but if more than this ſum is required to be inſured in one tenement, an additional premium will be required, in proportion to circumſtances.

II. Inſurances will alſo be made on buildings and goods extra hazardous, at premiums proportioned to the riſque. But it is not eaſy to arrange theſe under particular heads or claſſes, ſo as to deſcribe each with the neceſſary accuracy. Each caſe muſt therefore be decided upon according to the circumſtances attending it; and theſe circumſtances will, in general, appear from the deſcription accompanying the application.

Buildings partly conſtructed of brick or ſtone, are preferable to thoſe wholly wooden. And in both caſes, the ſtile of building, how they are occupied, how they are ſituated, the neighboring buildings, and how occupied, are conſiderations to be taken into view. And with reſpect to goods, their tendency, whether from their nature, or from the manner in which they are expoſed, either to commence or to increaſe an accidental fire, and their liability in ſuch ſtate to receive damage by wet, or by ſudden and haſty removal, or to be ſtolen in time of confuſion and hurry, are all circumſtances of weight; and the premiums muſt be proportioned accordingly.

III. The following conditiont are to be underſtood by the parties.

1ſt. The Inſurance is not binding till the ſtipulated premium be paid; but it ſhall be deemed effectual from the time of ſuch payment and acceptance thereof, whether the policy be immediately ſigned or not.

2d. Inſurances may be renewed at the expiration of the term of the policy, without further expenſe than the payment of the premium of the renewed term, the circumſtances continuing the ſame as they were underſtood by the inſurers at the time the former inſurance was made; but the payment of the premium is eſſential to ſuch renewal; and if the party inſured ſuffers any time to elapſe after the expiration of the former inſurance, before he pays a premium for the renewal, he is not inſured during ſuch time; nor can the inſurance be renewed on the former policy but by computing the commencement of the renewal from the expiration of the former inſurance. The ſubject of inſurance may nevertheleſs be open to treaty for a new inſurance.

3d. If any other inſurance be made on the ſame property; it muſt be made known at the time of application, otherwiſe the policy made on ſuch application will be void.

4th. Goods held in truſt, or on conſignment, may be inſured as ſuch in a ſeparate policy; but they are not to be conſidered as inſured otherwiſe.

5th. This company will not be liable or accountable for any loſs or damage occaſioned by any foreign invaſion, or by any military or uſurped force, or by reaſon of any civil commotion; or occaſioned by gunpowder, aquafortis or other thing of the like kind kept in the building, or amongſt the property inſured.

6th. Bills of Exchange, Bonds and other Securities, Title Deeds, Money, Bank and other promiſſory Notes, are not included in any inſurance; nor are paiſtings, medals, jewels, gems, antique curioſities, or mirrors exceeding the value of twenty-five dollars each, to be conſidered as inſured unleſs particularly mentioned and by ſpecial agreement.

7th. No inſurance will be made for a ſhorter term than one year, nor for a longer term than ſeven years. Perſons chooſing to inſure for ſeven years ſhall be allowed one year's premium by way of diſcount: One third of a years premium ſhall be abated in like manner on an inſurance for three years.

8th. Loſſes ſuſtained by fire on property inſured, ſhall be paid in thirty days after due proof and liquidation thereof, without deduction.

A deſcription of the property to be inſured will be expected with each application, to be made by a maſter carpenter and ſigned by him, as well as by the owner of the building or applicant for inſurance, and atteſted before a Notary or principal Magiſtrate, who will certify his knowledge of the parties and their credibility.

With reſpect to Houſes and other Buildings.

1ſt. The ſite and poſition; deſcribing the ſtreet or road on or near which the building ſtands; its contiguity to water, and other circumſtances relative to the extinguiſhment of fire in caſe of accident; and particularly whether any and what fire companies are eſtabliſhed, and engines provided, in the place or neighbourhood.

2d. The materials of which it is built, whether of brick, ſtone or wood, and what part of each, as well as to the outſide walls as inſide or partition walls, and their reſpective height and thickneſs; the ſtyle of the roof and of what materials; how ſecured by battlements or party walls; what kind of acceſs to the top of the houſe and to the chimnies; whether any and what electric rods; the number and kind of fire places; and the kind of depoſit for aſhes.

3d. The dimenſions of the building and how divided, and the ſtyle in which it is finiſhed ſo as to enable indifferent perſons to judge in what manner it is to be repaired or rebuilt in caſe of injury; the age and condition of the building, and how occupied, whether merely as a dwelling houſe, or for any other, and for what purpoſe; alſo an eſtimate of the value of the houſe or building independent of the ground.

4th. The ſituation with reſpect to other buildings or back buildings, whether adjoining or not, comprehending at leaſt one hundred feet each way: what kind of buildings are within that diſtance, how built, of what materials, and how occupied or improved, whether as dwellings for private families or otherwiſe: whether any and what trade or manufactory is carried on, and particularly whether there be any extra hazardous articles uſed, or uſually depoſited in the houſe, or within the diſtance aforeſaid, and of what kind.

Reſpecting *goods* in Houſes, Warehouſes, &c.

1. A general deſcription of the building in which they are kept will be expected, ſimilar in all reſpects, as to the danger from fire, with that required for Inſurance on the buildings themſelves.

2. A deſcription of the kinds and nature of the goods, whether in caſks or other packages, or opened; and whether diſplayed in whole pieces or in the uſual form for retailing. And if the goods vary materially in kind, a general eſtimate of the value of each kind propoſed to be inſured; but if the laſt particular minuteneſs of deſcription is not expected.

3. Articles of the following kinds are deemed extra hazardous, though in various degrees, in whatever building they may be placed, viz. pitch, tar, turpentine, roſin, wax, tallow, oil, inflammable ſpirits, ſulphur, hemp, flax, cotton, dry goods of an inflammable kind opened.—Glaſs, china ware or porcelain, eſpecially unpacked; Looking glaſſes, jewelery; and all other articles more than commonly inflammable, or more than commonly liable to injury by ſudden removal or by moiſtures, or particularly obnoxious to theft on an alarm of fire.

Letters poſt paid, directed to the Secretary of the Board of Directors, will be duly attended to. An *order* for Inſurance accompanied by the means of paying the premium, will be immediately executed on the premium being paid. If the application contain an *enquiry* only, it will be anſwered.

By order of the Board,
EBENEZER HAZARD, *Sec'ry.*

Office of the Inſurance Company *of* North America; *Philad. Feb.* 1, 1798. Feb. 14.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

TUESDAY EVENING, *April* 10.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Virginia to a gentleman in Philadelphia, bearing date March 16, 1798.

"*By the laſt mail I received yours of the 6th incloſing Claypoole's paper, which contained the Preſident's meſſage, accompanying a letter from our envoys. The contents of this letter ſeem to have made a very ſerious impreſſion here. The ſituation in which our envoys were ſuffered to remain ſo long boded no good to us, but hope ſtill lived. At preſent we appear to have no other alternative, than either of abandoning the ocean entirely, or ſuffering our trade to defend itſelf, which many think would inevitably lead to war. The anti-government men are in favor of the former meaſure, and infiſt that war muſt be the conſequence of arming our merchant veſſels. I do not think it certain that any conduct can enſure us peace, and perhaps our beſt policy will be to purſue meaſures*, not offenſive, *but calculated to create in us* an ability to repel attacks, which we cannot avoid. *From the friendſhip or juſtice of France we have nothing to expect. On our own ſpirit and wiſdom we muſt under heaven depend. It is really an awful criſis with us, and requires the cooleſt and pureſt deliberation of every one who has any agency in American affairs. And I wiſh it were poſſible that the members of congreſs could for a while forget their animoſities, and harmoniouſly unite in providing for the true intereſts of their country; all eyes will be now fixed on them, and* the real *will be eaſily diſtinguiſhed from* the pretended patriots. *It may be impoſſible for all to think alike reſpecting the cauſes of our diſagreeable ſituation; but crimination can anſwer no good purpoſe, and it is* the duty, *and it is* in the power *of every one, to contribute his aid to avert the evils that threaten us.*

The iſſue of the foreign intercourſe conteſt gives me pleaſure, as I really think it could not have terminated otherwiſe without violating the conſtitution."

—

MR. FENNO,

If the important ſubjects now before the public does not occupy all your paper, be pleaſed to inſert the following.

I obſerved in a late paper a ſtring of queſtions relating to the inſtitution and adminiſtration of the Pennſylvania Hoſpital; addreſſed to the world by a writer under the ſignature of Medicus Studioſus, and I have ſeen anſwers to them in another Paper, under the ſignature of a Contributor; I was much pleaſed at the proſpect of obtaining information on ſo important a ſubject as the abuſes of the managers of that charity and was not a little diſappointed at finding nothing new on it; for Mr. Contributor has not ſaid a word more in defence of the Managers than has been all along ſaid by them and their friends, and the committees of the general aſſembly who have annually viſited it ſince its foundation, and very little credit can be attached to ſuch partial evidence as the parties and their patrons.—But there is another ſubject on which I ſhould be glad to have ſome information.

It has been often ſaid and I think I have ſeen it in ſome of the newſpapers that doctor Franklin by his will bequeathed ſeveral millions of pounds ſterling to charitable and public uſes, among which the Pennſylvania Hoſpital was ranked as a legatee to the amount of ſome thouſands, ſufficient at leaſt to finiſh the building. Now permit me to aſk this Mr. Contributor a queſtion or two on this ſubject, and let us ſee whether he can pick up from reports of committees of aſſembly any ſuch trite and thread bare anſwers as he has given (ſcarcely new vamped) to Mr. Medicus his queſtions.

I. Pray what was the amount of the legacy bequeathed by doctor Franklin to the Pennſylvania Hoſpital.

II. Why have not the Managers demanded and received the money.

III. Why are they continually teazing the legiſlature for grants of money to finiſh the building when by a little attention to this fund, they might with leſs trouble get enough of their own for the purpoſe they ſeem to have at heart.

IV. What authority had the Managers to build the Houſe in the aukward manner which Medicus Studioſus repreſents it.

LAICUS PARUM DOCTUS.

From the South-Carolina State Gazette.

It is acknowledged on all hands that the preſent ſituation of the United States is beyond example critical: That their moſt precious intereſts and more precious independence, are to all appearance deeply implicated in the paſſing ſcenes both at home and abroad—and that the next moment may bring forth events big with the fate of America. But it is a myſtery hard to be accounted for, that theſe truths are received with apathy by our citizens; enquired about as articles of ordinary intelligence or common place ſpeculations; and indifferently blended with converſations concerning weather, and news, and the caſual chit chat of the day. If the people were not every hour ſcourged with the laſh of foreign aggreſſion, and agonizing under the wounds conſtantly repeated from the hands of our pretended friends, it might be ſaid that they are aſleep; walking with careleſs but unconſcious ſteps upon the verge of a precipice. In ſuch caſe it might be reaſonably hoped that the ſound of danger would arouſe them to open their eyes, and that they would at once ſee and ſhun the ruin before them. But the thing to be lamented is not that we do not ſee our danger, but that we ſee as though we ſaw it not. The ſound has not gone abroad, is echoed round the globe, and is reverberated on our own ſhores—yet it is as "a ſounding braſs and a tinckling ſymbal;" while the eyes of all Europe are turned upon us with anxious expectation, we return them a vacant ſtare expreſſive of no emotion. Knowing the injuries that have aſſailed us, and diſtinctly ſeeing the danger that threatens us, they are aſtoniſhed at our ſupineneſs and ſimplicity in neglecting all the rational means of ſelf-preſervation. Experience has taught them all in their turn (and well may they be aſtoniſhed that we profit nothing by their experience) that no national calamity is ſo great as that of being overtaken by war deſtitute of eſſential preparation. It might well be preſumed, that if we are too proud or too thoughtleſs to avail ourſelves of the dear bought experience of other nations, we would ſtill not be unwilling to profit by our own—that the recollection of misfortunes which many amongſt us yet living teſtify, would admoniſh us irreſiſtably to neglect no means neceſſary to repel ſudden invaſion.

But ſo it is—neither our own ſufferings nor the example of others, in paſt times, nor the near approach of imiment danger can rouſe our ſpirit or alarm us into preparation. While we ſee the cloud moving on which bears in its boſom the thunders deſtined for our heads, we are amuſing ourſelves with idle ſpeculations upon its appearance, or admiring the ſplendid colors which it reflects to the eye. So the poet ſpeaks of the ſimple lamb deſtined for the ſlaughter—

"Pleas'd to the laſt, he crops the flowery food,
"And licks the hand juſt rais'd to ſhed his blood."

Do we not believe that we are upon the eve of a rupture with France? Let him who chuſes to deceive himſelf, be deceived—but let him who is aſleep open his eyes and believe. The opinion of our commiſſioners in that country is no ſecret: and indeed, if ſymptoms ſtrongly marked and hourly repeated, ought ever to evince the reality of danger; it is with us not a ſubject for demonſtration, but of viſion and belief. And if invaſion does come, where may we expect it to fall? If we judge our enemies to be fools, then may we expect it will not fall upon us. If we believe them ſo infatuated in policy as to prefer to attack the ſtrongeſt part inſtead of the weakeſt, to chooſe a doubtful conflict inſtead of an eaſy prey, then may we believe that their views will be directed to the northern inſtead of the ſouthern ſtates. If we can perſuade ourſelves that the acquiſition of a port near to their iſlands, and abundantly convenient for the war they will wage, will be by them held leſs in eſtimation than one more remote, leſs convenient for every purpoſe, more difficult to gain and more doubtful to hold; then may Charleſton diſmiſs immediate apprehenſions. But let us hug no fatal deluſion; let us aſſure ourſelves in time, that there are too many powerful and local reaſons to admit of a doubt that Charleſton will be the firſt to realize the war, if a war there ſhould be.

Then is it true, my fellow citizens (for I am ſpeaking of that which concerns us all) that with the proſpect of a war full in our view, with a moral certainty that if it comes it comes firſt upon us, and is likely to find us in a ſtate ſo deſtitute of preparation, that the ſpirit of our citizens (capable of every thing when well ſupported and well applied) may only ſerve to ſwell the aggregate of our calamity—I ſay is it poſſible that in this ſituation, where all that is dear to us may be ſuddenly put to hazard, the government is taking no concern for us, and we are taking no meaſures for ourſelves? Of what avail to us will be our corps of infantry, cavalry and artillery, with the noble ardor that inſpires them, while our harbour is undefended, and our city liable to the ſucceſsful aſſault of any naval force, however inconſiderable? Is it for us who are every hour expoſed, who have every thing to dread and little to hope—is it for us, I ſay, to imbibe the torpor of the federal government: and becauſe they ſhew no concern for us, to feel no ſolicitude for ourſelves? In the name of all that is dear to us let us rouſe from our lethargy—the precious moments of negociation (if not already ended) ought no longer to be ſquandered away in thoughtleſs inactivity. Do you aſk what I would do? I would firſt of all lay before Congreſs, in language that would ſtimulate their attention, the grievances under which we labour—For I call it a *grievance*, when the whole nation neglects a weak and vulnerable part, peculiarly expoſed to the dangers and calamities of war. The very baſis of our union is declared to be "to provide for the common defence," and I would beſiege them with the voice of complaint and invoke that *common proviſion* which has been moſt ſhamefully withheld. I would thunder at the gates of this ſleeping Congreſs, in language that would rouſe them to a ſenſe of our dangers, and of the protection which we have a right to claim from the Union. I would lay them under the neceſſity of either receiving or rejecting our petition—we ſhall then have diſcharged our duty to ourſelves, and the worſt calamity that can befal us will have its conſolation. If after a fruitleſs application on our part this opulent city ſhould be taken or pillaged, or laid under ruinous contribution, the juſtice of the union cannon refuſe to ſhare in our calamity, by making us an adequate recompenſe. They can alledge neither that they were ignorant of our danger or unapprized of our weakneſs, and ſtill leſs can they controvert our conſtitutional right to have had their ſeaſonable protection. If the voice of importunity and remonſtrance ſhould fail, it will then remain for us to conſider whether private contribution, & that ſpeedily, is not to be preferred to our continuing in a defenceleſs ſtate. And ſhould ſuch a meaſure be gone into, and events juſtify it, the previous application to Congreſs will ſtrengthen our claim upon their juſtice and remuneration. Laſtly, let them be told that the legiſlature of this ſtate have refuſed to provide for the defence of the ſea-coaſt, principally upon the ground that both the right and the duty appertain to the Union.

My motion therefore is, that a memorial to Congreſs be immediately prepared, copies ſtruck off, and a perſon appointed (perhaps the wardens) in each ward in the city, to tender it to the citizens for ſignature. Let it be haſtened forward before the ſeſſion draws towards a cloſe that Congreſs may have time to give it that conſideration, and take that order upon it, which our ſafety and their duty will equally dictate.

If this propoſition be right in point of principle and expediency, it will be ſeconded; but whether or not, the writer will have diſcharged what he takes to be the duty of

A CITIZEN.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

Tranſlated for the Argus from Paris papers of January 29—31.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDRED.

Coupé—(member from the North Coaſt) read the following letter from the celebrated patriot Thomas Paine:

Thomas Paine to the Council of Five Hundred.

Citizen-Repreſentatives,

Though it is not convenient to me, in the preſent ſituation of my affairs to aid the loan towards the deſcent upon England, my economy permits me to make a ſmall patriotic donation. I ſend an hundred livres, and with it, all the wiſhes of my heart for the ſucceſs of the deſcent, and a voluntary offer of any ſervice I can render to promote it.

There will be no laſting peace for France nor for the world, until the tyranny and corruption of the Engliſh government be aboliſhed, and England, like Italy, become a ſiſter republic.—As to thoſe men, whether in England, Scotland, or Ireland, who, like Robeſpierre in France, are covered with crimes, they, like him, have no other reſource, than in committing more; but the maſs of the people are friends to liberty.—Tyranny and taxation oppreſs them; but they merit to be free.

Accept, citizen repreſentatives, the congratulations of an ancient colleague on the dangers we have paſſed, and on the happy proſpect before us.

Salut et reſpect.

THOMAS PAINE.

The orator ſaid—"The gift of Thomas Paine is trifling indeed—but compared to the revolting injuſtice this faithful friend to liberty has ſuffered by our government, and the poverty of our colleague; you will in this view find he has done much. I demand, therefore, that the letter of Thomas Paine be printed, and that honorable mention be made. Theſe two propoſitions were adopted with unanimity.

Garnier—By a motion of order entered on the ſubject of the inſidious attempts which had been induſtriouſly employed for ſeveral days to circulate a report of an exiſting miſunderſtanding between the directory and the legiſlative body—alſo among the members of the directory; he proves the whole plot to be the invention of a remaining deſperate ariſtocracy to influence the inſurrection; and that the agents of the deteſtable Pitt, have been active in circulating theſe deteſtable lies

Riou—agreeable to the order of the day, drew the attention of the aſſembly upon the neceſſity of employing all our efforts (in ſeconding the views of the government) to our marine, to enable us glorioufly to combat the proud Engliſh on their own element. I demand, ſays he, that the various reports from the commiſſioners of the marine be conſtantly attended in preference to every other object, the finances only excepted.

MILAN, 26 Nivoſe.

Our great council has declared on Bragaldi's motion, that the Ciſalpine republic do not acknowledge any biſhops—that the exterior ornaments of that corrupted body are aboliſhed, and that ſuch of them who poſſeſs within the republic, prebends, or other beneficies, muſt renounce them within 24 hours, each to be put to his oath, and every defaulter ſhall be expelled from the republic in 3 days, and all the effects ſeized for the republic. To the ſurprize of the whole aſſembly, the member Dandolo, undertook to defend the biſhop Chiaramouti, who wiſhed the aid of the curates to explain their eccleſiaſtical rights. Dandolo hypocritically obſerved, that the curates dare not aſſociate with irreligious perſons, for fear of drawing upon themſelves the vengeance of an offended God.

RASTADT, January 18.

A conferenee took place yeſterday between the miniſters of France and the miniſter count Metternich. Soon after which the former waited on baron Albany, directorial miniſter of Mentz, to whom he made the following declation:

"That in conformity to orders and inſtructions, they have received from their government, they declare to the deputation of the empire, that the limits to the Rhine ſhall be the baſis of the treaty of peace to be concluded."

To-morrow the deputation of the empire will open the ſeſſions. The imperial miniſter will preſide, and doubtleſs, the declaration of the miniſters of France will be the firſt object in diſcuſſion.

FRANKFORT, Jan. 19.

From Turkey we learn, that the Porte has taken ſerious meaſures againſt the rebels. Sixty thouſand dollars is promiſed for the head of the Pacha of Wididn. The Seraſkier of Romalie has marched at the head of 80,000 men, towards Boſnie.

It is alſo ſaid, that the captain Pacha will enter into Danube with a fleet to ſecond his movements.

TO BE SOLD,

A Very Valuable Farm,

SITUATE on the Neſhaminy creek, Buck's county, containing about 148 acres, of which about 30 acres are excellent wood-land; the remainder meadow and plough land, and in a highly cultivated ſtate; the whole under poſt and rail fence, chiefly new laſt ſummer. On the premiſes are a log-houſe and barn. The ſituation for a country ſeat is perhaps one of the moſt eligible in the vicinity of Philadelphia, lying on the Neſhaminy, with the advantage of a landing place within 100 yards of the farm-houſe, and commanding a very extenſive view of the ſurrounding country: it is about three quarters of a mile from the floating bridge, 17 3-4 miles from Philadelphia, and 2 1-2 miles from Briſtol. For terms of ſale and further information apply to Thomas Benger, Eſq. in Briſtol, or

WILLIAM WALN,
No. 144, South Second ſtreet.

April 7. 3tawtf

JOSEPH RICARDO,

OF this City, Merchant, has aſſigned his property for the benefit of his Creditors, to James C. Fiſher, Samuel W. Fiſher, and Thomas Wilſon.

All perſons who have demands are requeſted to furniſh their accounts without delay—and thoſe indebted to make immediate payment to the Subſcribers, acting Aſſignees.

James C. & Samuel W. Fiſher.
No. 13, Arch Street.

march 31 4tawtf

SALT PETRE.

One hundred kegs of refined Salt Petre,
For Sale by the Subſcribers.

James C. & Samuel W. Fiſher,
No. 13, Arch Street.

march 31 4tawtf

By this day's Mail.

NEW-YORK, April 9.

From the Argus.

The ship Victoria, capt. R. Fanning, arrived on Saturday from Bourdeaux, which port she left on the 10th, and Cordovan on the 20th of February.

Capt. Fanning informs that all the merchant ships at Bourdeaux were in a state of requisition; that a fleet with provisions for Brest were soon to sail; that 16,000 tons of wine had been purchased up by government, for the English expedition, preparations for which were making in every port in France, and subscriptions were yet open, to which all classes of people subscribe as they can afford.

Accounts at Bourdeaux, on the subject of our commissioners, were so various and contradictory, that no confidence could be put in them. Little business doing, and no insurance to be had.

It was reported an embargo would soon be laid. Americans were well treated—American produce low, except tobacco.

Capt. Fanning has favored us with a file of Bourdeaux papers to February 10, inclusive.

These papers are one day from Paris later than we have had, viz. Feb. 5.

The Executive Directory on that day, acknowledged the *Lemauigne Republic.*

Citizen Garrat goes ambassador to the Cisalpine Republic.

It was reported at Paris, Feb. 5. that the deputies of the Princes and electors of the Empire returned from Rastadt, after their deliberations on the basis of the negociation, proposed by the French minister on receiving the news of the surrender of the fort of the Rhine.

The king of Naples has acknowledged the Cisalpine Republic and named D. Michervoux his minister plenipotentiary to reside at Milan.

Commissioners were to meet at Basle on the 10th Feb. to make a new constitution. A revolution was compleatly effected in that canton of Sweitzerland.

A chain of posts have been established from Ostend all along the coast of the ci-devant Dutch Flanders, furnished with signals of communication. The same measures have been pursued on the frontiers of the Batavian Republic, and to the line which anciently separated Luxemberg from the electorate of Treves.

The French arret has so fatal an effect upon the commerce of Great-Britain, that on the 27th of Jan. at Lloyd's, in London, 40 pr. ct. insurance on foreign vessels, was refused.

—

From the Daily Gazette.

The Victoria, from her having left Bourdeax on the 15th February, *ought* to have brought some news—but we *hear* nothing but the continued exertions of French preparations for the invasion of England. A gentleman, however, has promised us the loan of late French papers, which, we presume, will contain something new.

PER THE VICTORIA.

By letters from Bourdeaux, dated the 1st and 14th of February, we are informed that the law authorising the confiscation of all neutral vessels having British goods or manufactures on board, took place the 4th of February.

On the 9th of February, accounts were received there, that all the English merchants in Hamburgh should depart immediately. This is said to be a consequence of the above law.

It is also said, that troops have been ordered to march to Hamburgh, Altona, and Bremen, to prevent the importation of English goods.

No insurance, excepting against the dangers of the seas, can be effected on American vessels, and they dissuaded their correspondents from making any shipments in the present state of affairs.

—

A Gentleman arrived in town yesterday, informs, that in the storm on Tuesday night last the frigate Constitution, in the harbour of Boston, having her port-holes open, filled and sunk. We have heard no further particulars.

—

BOSTON, April 3.

TOWN-MEETING.

Yesterday in conformity to the direction of the Constitution of the State, the citizens throughout the Commonwealth assembled to give their suffrages for mete and suitable persons to serve them as Governor, Lieutenant Governor and Senators. In this town two lists were offered. One was formed at Concert Hall, where the supporters of government generally assemble previous to an election.. The other was made by the correspondents of, and promulgated through the Chronicle, the organ of the opposers of our Federal Administration. In some Candidates both sides agreed, they were therefore chosen with unanimity. The new candidates properly exhibit the strength of the opponents.

CONCERT HALL LIST.

GOVERNOR.

His Excellency Increase Sumner	1461

LT. GOVERNOR.

His Honor Moses Gill	1557

SENATORS.

Hon. Thomas Dawes	1280
Oliver Wendell	1574
John Cossin Jones	1283
Thomas Dawes	1279

CHRONICLE LIST.

GOVERNOR.

Hon. James Sullivan	103

LT. GOVERNOR.

Hon. Moses Gill	[*as above*]

SENATORS.

Hon. Oliver Wendell	[*as above*]
James Bowdoin	298
William Tudor	292
J. Codman	282

In some of the votes the Chronicle inserted, from motives of policy, the present Governor, and inserted among their Senators, some Federal characters, for th same reason, but all their exertions, all their ingenuity, could not prevent the success of the list, which the Federalists had agreed to support.

There is no doubt that the present Chief Magistrate and the respectable second Magistrate will be re chosen to fill the same situatiosn, by a very considerable majority.

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA,

MONDAY EVENING, *April 9.*

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated 15 Feb. 1798, by the Republican, captain Simpson, arrived at Baltimore.

"I have this moment seen an extract of a letter from lord St. Vincent to commissioner Coffin (the British commissioner here) of which the following is a copy.

Ville de Paris at Sea, 10 Feb. 1798.

"We were joined yesterday by the Culloden and Alcmena, so that we have every thing with us except the Zealous. I have dispatched the Flora cutter in quest of her and am in pursuit of the enemy."

"The plan would seem to have been to chace admiral Parker from before Cadiz, and drive him from the coast and then get into Brest, by which the convoy would have got safe to Cadiz and the long promised junction made with the Brest fleet; but Parker pursued by the Spanish admiral, steered for Lisbon, off which he was immediately joined by Lord St. Vincent, and then they chased in turn the Spaniards. You will see that Lord St. Vincent was in chase of them on the *tenth*, and he only sailed from hence the morning of the 9th. We are in momentary expectation of further and important intelligence."

—

Extract of a letter from an Officer on board the Frigate Constellation, near the mouth of Patapsco River, 6th April 1798.

"At 6 A. M. we got under way, with the wind at North, and proceeded from our movings, a little above the fort to this anchorage, where we came too on account of the wind changing to the Eastward—the ship performed remarkably well, and steered like a boat, though very much by the head a-trim it was necessary to put her in on account of the shoalness of the river. It was a pleasing sight to those, who wish well to their country, to see this frigate under doubled reefed topsails, coursers, jib and stay sails only, and out of trim as I have stated, run ahead of every thing that was in company going down with all their light sails set."

—

In the House of Representatives of the United States, yesterday, the house went into a committee of the whole on the State of the Union, and after postponing by unanimous consent the consideration of Mr. Sprigg's motion which was for some days under debate before the late Dispatches from our Ministers at Paris were communicated, the resolution proposing the sum of dollars for the completing and repairing of our fortifications and harbours, was agreed to, almost without debate, with the following words added as an amendment, "*and that the President of the United States be authorized to make such additional and other fortifications as the common defence shall seem to require.* The committee also agreed to the resolution reported on the petition of the New York Chamber of Commerce respecting the fortifications of the harbour of that city. The resolutions were confirmed by the house, and a bill ordered to be reported accordingly. Mr. SEWALL from the Committee for the protection of Commerce and for the Defence of the Country, made a farther report, proposing to authorise the President to raise companies of Artillerists and Engineers, in addition to the present establishment; and that dollars be appropriated for the purchase of cannon arms and ammunition for the service of the United States, which was committed to the committee of the whole on the State of the Union. A number of reports of committees was disposed of, and some other business done, which, with some observations which took place in the committee of the whole on the state of the Union, shall be given to morrow.

—

DIED]—At Boston on the second instant the Rev. JOHN CLARKE, D. D. minister of the first congregational church in that town. The death of this gentleman is a public misfortune. Science, philosophy and religion have lost an enlightened and distinguished friend and advocate.

—

DIED]—At Buckingham in Worcester county, Maryland, on the 2d March last, of a lingering illness, the Rev. John Rankin minister of the Presbyterian church in that place, where he had resided nearly twenty years. The amiable private virtues he possessed, joined to his popular talents as a preacher of the gospel, render his loss truely deplorable to the public, and particularly to his congregation, who are now destitute of ministerial duties.

—

Extract of a letter from Lisbon, dated February 14, 1798.

"The late decree of the councils, by the recommendation of the directory, is a declaration of war not only against the United States, but all the neutral powers: It declares that all vessels having on board English goods shall be lawful prize, without regard to the quality of the owner. In consequence of this decree, the American merchants of London have applied for a convoy to the ministry, who readily granted one, to sail 1st March."

THERE CANNOT BE A SHADOW OF DOUBT, that the whole negociation carried on with the Envoys of the United States was a negociation with the Directory itself. This must be the spontaneous judgment of every unprejudiced reader of the Dispatches.—Talleyrand, and the subordinate agents, on the contrary supposition, placed their necks under the ax of the Guillotine—and they knew that a hint from the Envoys would have cost them their lives. Another demonstrative circumstance is the decree for seizing and making prize of all neutral vessels carrying British property. This decreee was to have been suspended on compliance with the infamous propositions—an intimation which could not have come from any other quarter than that of the Directory.

—

MR. FENNO,

You will oblige the Missionary Society by inserting the following in your paper of this evening.

At an adjourned meeting of the Philadelphia Missionary Society, on Monday evening April 9th the following members were elected an acting committee for the ensuing year.

Dr. Joseph Strong
Dr. Isaac Haylin
Charles Crawford, Esq.
George Morton
Richard Weville
William M'Laws
John Hoff
Dr. Benjamin Rush—Treasurer
John Hobson—Secretary.

Any person disposed to become a member, or to give encouragement and useful information is requested to apply to either of the gentlemen composing the above committee.

—

To Correspondents.

Letter 3 from Eugenius, is received—we have several objections to publishing this number—One is our ignorance of the author.

—

☞ *The Merchants and Traders of this City, are requested to meet at the City Tavern to-morrow, precisely at one o'clock on business of importance.*

April 10.

GAZETTE MARINE LIST.

PORT OF PHILADELPHIA.

ARRIVED

		DAYS.
Ship Fame, Jones,	St. Ubes	52
Schr. Seaflower, Mann,	Alexandria	7
Rally, Kearny,	Norfolk	9

CLEARED.

Ship Glasgow, Alcrn,	Laguira
Brig Maria, Woodward,	St. Croix
Schr. Polly & Sally, Pearson,	Port Margot
Eliza, Shaw,	Cape Francois
Amity, Hammond,	Savannah
Sloop Mary, Gamble,	Havanna
Two Brothers, Winant	Norfolk
Mary & Sally, Bradford	Boston

The Swedish ship Swereger, Rigsdag, Nannings, from hence has arrived at Lisbon

The ship Fame left St. Ubes before the Ann, arrived last week at Alexandria, therefore brings nothing new.

A ship inward bound was seen off Marcus Hook this morning. The Port-au-Prince fleet with a number of other vessels for the East and West Indies went to sea on Saturday last.

—

New-York, april 9.

ARRIVED. DAYS

Ship Victoria, Fanning, Bourdeaux	45
Albemarle, Guthrie, Malaga	57
Schr. Sally, Elmsley, Halifax	11

Capt. Fanning informs, that about 30 sail were getting in readiness at Bourdeaux, which were to sail for Brest about the first of March, to join the fleet there. That all the wine in France is put in requisition intended for the invaders of England—That an embargo was expected before the sailing of the fleet.

Capt. F. spoke an English frigate just after he left the Cordovan.

Capt. F. brought no dispatches from our commissioners at Paris.

There were about 30 sail of American vessels at Bourdeaux, but none sent in there lately by privateers.

Capt. Ellery, arrived at Boston, spoke March 19, lat. 38, long. 69, ship Joseph, Armour, from Amsterdam, bound to this port, out 95 days.

—

NORFOLK, March 31

Yesterday arrived here the schooner Lisbon, captain Drummond, in 13 days from Porto Rico Captain Drummond brought home with him two masters. four mates, and twelve seamen, Americans, belonging to different vessels captured by French privateers and sent into that island.

The following is a correct list Americans at Porto Rico, captured since the 1st January; most of which are condemned.

Ship New-Jersey, Clay, of Philadelphia from China.
—Mercury,——or New Hampshire.
—Rose, King, of New-York.
—Kitty——, Philadelphia.
Brig Maria, Cotton, of New-York, from Gibraltar.
—Robecca,——, of New-York.
—Fox, Dickson, of Charleston,
—Mary, Young, of Newburyport.
—Neptune, Gruzert, of New-York.
—Hannah, Harting, of Newburyport.
Schooner Intrepid, Wilkinson, of Norfolk.
——Friendship.——, of Lyme.
——Cynthia, Musen, Wilmington.
——Telegraphe, Ardlington, Baltimore from Havanna.
——President,——of Penobscot.

The brig Telegraphe, M'Kinney, of Charleston, was captured on the 23d of January, on her passage from Martinque to Grenada, by a Guadaloupe privateer, and caried to St. Eustatia, where the vessels and cargo was condemned.

—

BOSTON, April 2.

Capt. Ellery, from the streights, informs, that 37 days since, he saw a part of the English fleet off Cadiz, which from appearance had not been engaged.

Capt. Preble, from Port au-Prince, informs that on the 10th February a detachment of French forces, attacked, and took possession of a considerable fort, about six miles from the above place; but that it was immediately invested by a strong detachment of English, and retaken—in both these attaks much blood was spilt.

—

PROVIDENCE, (R. I.) March 31.

Monday last arrived at Newport the ship Arethusa, Durkin, from Bengal for New-York.

JUST TRIBUTE OF THANKS.

The Newport Long-Wharf, Hotel and Public School Lottery, has raised 12 550 dollars and 14 cents. The managers (Messieurs George Gibbs and George Champlin) have accounted to the trustees for the avails. and received their unanimous thanks, "for their great exertions and faithfulness in the management of the lottery. and for their generosity in declining to accept of any commission or compensation."

—

BALTIMORE, April 6.

Arrived this day,—schooner America, captain Vibert, 20 days from Jeremie, last from the Mole, which she left under convoy, 17 days ago.

When captain V. arrived at the Mole, from Jeremie, a British sloop of war was lying there, which sailed for Jamaica the day after. She was 18 days from Cadiz, charged with dispatches from admiral Jervis before that place. The information gathered by her arrival was, that the Spanish fleet of very superior force, with 200 sail of merchantmen under convoy, had put to sea; and as their destination was unknown, dispatches were sent to the different ports in the West Indies, for all ships of war to keep themselves on the look out. Admiral Parker, who was lying at the Mole, with 7 sail of the line, and several frigates, was making vigorous preparations for sea.

We have received the following letter from the subscriber, who requests its publication.

Gentlemen of the United States of America,

You will think strange of this, I suppose, but you must be on the look out. I assure you, there are about thirty French privateers getting ready to cruise round the Capes of Virginia, and round the Northern parts of your country. I am confined here and cannot get away. There is a report here, that no Americans shall be permitted to go to their native homes until they have further accounts from America. They are taking your vessels as fast as they can. They are mustering troops to send away to all the islands. They expect you will declare war, and say they are ready for you. They say if you embargo your vessels "*by God they no care.*" You will hardly believe this true, but you may rely on it for fact—I am an American myself, and write you this as friendship to Amerians.

BENJAMIN RYLEIGH,
On board of the sloop Twins, Cape Francois.

—

BALTIMORE, April 7.

The ship Republican, 7 weeks from Lisbon, is below. They informed the capt. of the America, which arrived yesterday, that news had reached Lisbon of our three ministers having left Paris. We are of opinion, however, this information is not so late as we have already had from France.

—

An ACT to prevent the disturbance of religious Societies within the City of Philadelphia, during the time of Divine Service.

WHEREAS by a law of the late province of Pennsylvania, passed the sixth day of February, one thousand seven hundred and thirty one, religious Societies were enabled to purchase and to hold lands, for the purpose of erecting thereon churches and houses of religious worship; and all gifts, grants, and purchases made before that time, for the purpose aforesaid, are ratified and confirmed by the said law, to the respective religious Societies for whose use the said lands were granted; and under the faith and sanction of said law, sundry religious Societies of different denominations have been induced to purchase certain pieces and parcels of ground, in such places as were most convenient in the said city, and have erected thereon, at great expence, churches and other houses of religious worship; and by the constitution of this Commonwealth it is declared, "that all men have a natural and indefeasible right to worship Almighty God according to the dictates of their conscience." And whereas it would be nugatory to grant the said rights without securing the peaceable and quiet enjoyment of them.

SECTION 1. *BE it therefore enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania in General Assembly met, and it is hereby enacted by the authority of the same,* That it shall and may be lawful to and for the religious Societies aforesaid, and each and every of them within the City of Philadelphia, and they are hereby authorized and impowered, and each and every of them is hereby authorised and impowered, by a suitable person or persons by them for that purpose to be appointed. at the proper costs and charges of the said religious Societies respectively, to extend and fasten so many chains across the streets, lanes or alleys, and in such place and manner as may be sufficient to hinder and obstruct all coaches, coachees, chariots, chaises, waggons, and other carriages whatsoever; and all and every person or persons riding or travelling on horseback, from passing by the said churches or houses of religious worship during the time of divine service therein. Provided always, that the said chains or any of them be not extended and fastened across the said streets; lanes or alleys, or any of them, at a greater distance from the said churches or houses of religious worship than twenty feet from the corner nearest to the said chain; and provided always, that the said chains be not extended and fastened in manner aforesaid across the said streets, lanes and alleys on any other days except Sundays, commonly called the Lord's Day, nor on those days until the commencement of divine service within the said churches or houses of religious worship respectively; and provided also, that the said chains shall be taken down and withdrawn before it is dark, and immediately after divine service shall be ended within the said houses of worship respectively.

Sect. 2. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That in all places where it shall be necessary to erect and fix posts in the ground, for the purpose of fastening thereto the chains to be extended across the streets, lanes and alleys, in manner aforesaid, the said posts shall be set up or fixed on the brick pavement or foot way as near as may be to the street, without inconvenience or injury to the same, and that previous to the setting up any post or posts for the purpose aforesaid, by order and direction of the said religious Societies, the person or persons employed to erect the same shall give notice thereof to some one of the Street Commissioners, who is hereby required to attend in pursuance of such notice, and to superintend and direct the fixing and setting up said posts, so that they be least injurious to the streets, lanes and alleys aforesaid.

Sect. 3. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That nothing in this Act contained shall be construed to authorize the extending a chain or chains through or under the Market-house or shambles in High street; and where any house of religious worship shall be opposite the same, the chain or chains shall be extended on each side thereof, and fastened to the posts to be erected as aforesaid, and to some convenient part of the outside of the said shambles or stalls.

Sect. 4. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any action or suit shall be commenced or prosecuted against any person, for or by reason of any thing done in pursuance of this Act, every person so sued may plead the general issue, and give this Act and the special matter in evidence.

Sect. 5. *And be it further enacted by the authority aforesaid,* That if any person or persons shall remove or cause to be removed, the post or posts, chain or chains to be erected or placed by virtue of this Act, without consent of the religious Society erecting or placing the same, every such person or persons, upon due proof of such offence before any Alderman of the said city, shall forfeit and pay the sum of thirty dollars, to be recovered as debts under twenty pounds are recoverable, to be applied to the use of the poor of the said city.

GEORGE LATIMER, *Speaker of the House of Representatives.*
ROBERT HARE, *Speaker of the Senate.*

APPROVED, April 4, 1798.
THOMAS MIFFLIN, *Governor of the Commonwealth of Pennsylvania.*

NEW-THEATRE.

Mr. MORRIS's Night.

TO-MORROW EVENING, April 11,
Will be presented (never performed in America)
A PLAY, interspersed with songs, in three acts, called—

The ITALIAN MONK.

[Founded on the celebrated novel of the Italian; and written by the author of Fontainville Forest—now performing in London with distinguished applause.

Schedoni,	*Mr. Fennell*
Vivaldi,	*Fox*
Ansaldo,	*Warren*
Spalatro,	*Wignell*
Paulo,	*Harwood*
Carlo,	*Warrell jun.*
Stiletto,	*Francis*
Corvino,	*Darley*
First Officer,	*Warrell*

Bravoes, Messrs. Bissett, T. Warrell, Lawaney, Lafferty, &c.

Ellena Rosalba,	*Mrs. Merry*
Marchioness,	*Mrs. Morris*
Olivia,	*Mrs. Hardinge*
Lady Abbess,	*Mrs. L'Estrange*
Fioresca,	*Mrs. Marshall*
Gradisca,	*Mrs. Francis*
Margaritone,	*Mrs. Doctor*

Principal Vocal Parts, by Mrs. Oldmixon, Miss. Melbourne, &c.

After the Play, an Interlude, called,

THE REGISTER OFIFCE.

(Taken from the Farce of that name.)

To which will be added (never performed on this stage, a Farce, in two acts, called,

NECK OR NOTHING.

(Written by Garrick.)

Mr. Stockwell,	*Mr. Warren*
Sir Harry Harlowe,	*Morris*
Slip,	*Bernard*
Martin,	*Harwood*
Belford,	*Warrell, jun.*
Mrs. Stockwell,	*Mrs. L'Estrange*
Nancy,	*Miss L'Estrange*
Jenny,	

☞ On Friday night, a celebrated Comedy, called THE DESERTED DAUGHTER, with a new Medley Pantomime, called, THE RIVAL HARLEQUINS, or "IF TWO MEN RIDE UPON ONE HORSE, ONE MUST BE BEHIND." For the Benefit of Mr. FRANCIS.

*** Mr. BYRNE's Night will be on Saturday next.

☞ The sailing of the ship Swift Packet, is postponed till Thursday next, 12th inst. on account of the bad weather the last week.

april 10

Schuylkill Permanent Bridge.

THE books will continue open from day to day, between the hours of 10, A. M. and 2, P. M. for receiving subscriptions, at the City Hall. Those who mean to subscribe, will please to come provided with cash or bank notes, as checks cannot be taken.

D. CALDWELL, *Secretary to the Commissioners.*

April 10. dtf

SILVER WATCHES.

Cash will be given for any quantity of low priced SILVER WATCHES, by applying immediately at No. 15 South Fifth street, between Market and Chesnut streets.

April 10. * 6t

Mr. Byrne's Seventh Ball,

Will be on Tuesday the 10th of April, at O'Ellers' Hotel. Gentlemen's tickets one dollar, to be had at the Hotel. Ladies' tickets of Mr and Mrs. Byrne, No. 111, South Second street. Tuition as usual. 3t april 7

A House and Lot in Dover.

FOR SALE,

A LOT OF GROUND, situate on the east side of the main street, running through the town of Dover, in Kent county, in the State of Delaware, about thirty or forty yards below Captain Furbee's Tavern, containing in front on said street thirty four feet, and extending in depth eastward twelve perches, together with the buildings thereon erected, which consist of a good brick house, two stories high, well finished, with two rooms about seventeen or eighteen feet square each, and a passage eight or ten feet wide on the first floor; three rooms with a passage above, and good garrets, the cellars are excellent, one of which is used as a kitchen; a back brick building with two rooms above and below about ten or twelve feet by fourteen; the upper rooms of this building communicate above stairs with the passage of the house: A brick smoke house, and a good pump of water in the yard, and a garden adjoining.

The House is in every respect as comfortable as any in Dover, is in a good situation, and now occupied by John Freeman, as a tavern, with the sign of the Eagle.

The terms will be reasonable. Apply to Daniel Mifflin, at Camden, near Dover, or to the subscriber, No 60, North Eighth street, Philadelphia,

CADWALADER EVANS.

march 27 tuswsaw

To be Let,

(And possession given on the 1st of May)

A genteel three story brick House,

22 feet front, and 40 feet deep, with back buildings and stables, at present in the tenure of Major JACKSON. Enquire at 187 South Third street.

april 2. 6

JUST RECEIVED,
FROM PORT-AU-PRINCE,
And FOR SALE, by the SUBSCRIBERS,
110 hhds. Coffee
46 tierces do.
100 barrels do.
100 bags do.
110 hogsheads of Muscovado Sugar
80 barrels of do.
40 hogsheads of Molasses
4 bales of Cotton
2 hogsheads of Cocoa
WILLINGS & FRANCIS,
Penn-street.
march 12. §

FOR SALE,
BY THE SUBSCRIBERS, No. 21, Penn-street,
The Cargo of the Ship Ganges,
John Green, commander, from Bengal,
Consisting of
Baftas, of various qualities and prices,

Cossaes	Punjum Cloths
Sanahs	Guzzey do.
Humbums	Charconna Dorea
Blue Cloth	Tanjibs
Chintz and Calicoes	Mulmuls
Mamoodys	Checks
Maharagonges	Patna Hkfs.
Ginghams	Mulmul do.
Guzzenas	Bandannoes
Gurrahs	Sisserfoy
Piniafcoes	Choppa Romals
Salgatchys	Sooty do.
Gillie Romals	Persians of various col.
Mock Pulicats	

200 tons SUGAR
90,000 lb. PEPPER.
Willings & Francis.
The Piece Goods
Of the Ganges are now open to sale at that commodious store the north west corner of Market and Fourth-streets.
Also—A few Bales of Madrass Hkfs. of elegant patterns and best colours.
February 8. dtf

A Bargain.
A quantity of Window Glass
FOR SALE, of different sizes, at a very large discount from the sterling cost. If this Glass is not disposed of before the 5th of April, it will be shipped from this port.
For terms appiy to No. 89, South Third-street.
march 26. §1w

THE PARTNERSHIP OF
WELLS & MORRIS,
HAVING expired on the 11th February last, all persons having demands against the said Partnership, are requested to furnish their accounts for settlement; and those indebted to the same, to make immediate payment to the subscriber.
GIDEON H. WELLS.
N. B. The business will be carried on as heretofore, by the subscriber, at his Store, No. 135, Market-street. 1w march 24.

NOTICE.
THREE Certificates of Six Per Cent. Deferred Debt of the United States of the following description, viz—No. 10033, 10034, and 10035, for 5000 dollars each, dated 8th May, 1797, and standing on the books of the Treasury of the United States, in the name of Benjamin Waddington, of Hanover House, near Abergavenney in England, Esq. have been lost by the capture of the ship Bacchus, from hence to London, in June last.—This, therefore notifies those whom it may concern, that application will be made at the Treasury of the United States for a renewal of the same.
Waddington & Harwood.
march 22 §6w

THE term of Co-partnership between the subscribers, trading under the firm of John Miller, jun. and Co. expires this day, and by mutual consent will not be renewed. The debts and concerns of the same will be settled by John Miller, Jun. to whom all those indebted to the partnership, are earnestly requested to make payment to, without delay.
JOHN MILLER, Jun.
ALEXANDER J. MILLER.
February 19 §tf

LANDING,
From on board the Ship SALLY, from Calcutta,
AND FOR SALE BY THE SUBSCRIBER,
1600 bags prime Sugar,
800 do. Ginger
30 bales low priced piece Goods.
John Miller, Jun.
march 3 §

FOR SALE, BY
JOHN MILLER, JUN.
No. 8, Chesnut-street,
A quantity BENGAL GOODS,
—AMONGST WHICH ARE—

Gurrahs	Mameodies
Bastas	Sannas
Guzzenas	Tanda Cossaes
Guzzies	Emertics
Blue Cloths	Calicoes
Palampoors	Romall Handkerchiefs

Amongst them are a great proportion of the manufactures of Patna.
British Dry Goods,
ALSO,
Forty puncheons of high proof Rum.
February 19 §

Alex. J. Miller & James Davis,
Having entered into partnership under the firm of
Alexander J. Miller & Co.
INFORM their friends in town and country, that they have opened a Wholesale Dry Good Store, at No. 64, South Front Street, Philadelphia; where they now have, and intend keeping a general assortment of *India, German, Irish, French* and *British* Manufactures for sale, on advantageous terms for cash or a short credit.
February 19 §tf

LANDING
From on board the Schooner RANGER, *from* JACQUEMEL,
230 Bags, containing 30,000 wt. Coffee,
For Sale by
SAMUEL HAYS,
No. 127 Chesnut-street.
Who has remaining on hand 6,000 pieces India NANKEENS, of a superior quality.
March 15. d6t

Prison Manufactory.
FOR SALE,
At the Prison of the City and County of Philadelphia,
Cut Nails of all sizes, from 3dy to 20dy
Flooring Brads, Spriggs, Saddle and card Tacks
Oakum and chipped Logwood
Shoemakers and Sadlers Thread
Also—Sawed Marble, suitable for currier's tables, tomb and head stones, hearths, chimney pieces, platforms, slabs, facia, window heads, sills, &c.
All which may be had on reasonable terms.
Shoes made and Weaving done at said Prison at a moderate price.
Orders from a distance, directed to Daniel Thomas, agent for the prison, will be attended to.
December 26. mth6m

Schuylkill permanent Bridge.
THE subscribers Commissioners appointed by an act of assembly of this Commonwealth, entitled "An act to authorize the Governor of "this Commonwealth to incorporate a company "for erecting a permanent bridge over the river "Schuylkill, at or near the city of Philadelphia," hereby give notice, that Books are provided as the law directs; and that we will proceed to receive subscriptions for the Company Stock, on the ninth day of April next, at the City Hall, in the city of Philadelphia. The subscriptions will be received from ten o'clock in the morning till two o'clock, P. M. of that day; and the books will continue open during those hours of succeeding days, until the number, required by the said law to enable the Commissioners to certify the same to the Governor for incorporating the Stockholders, be subscribed
RICHARD PETERS,
JOHN PEROT,
GODFREY HAGA,
MATTHEW M'CONNEL,
WILLIAM SHEAFF.
Philadelphia, 19th March, 1798. 27—3awtf

Ran away from the subscriber,
on the 14th inst. two indented Irish Servant Men: Thomas M'Guire, about 25 years of age, and 5 feet 8 inches high, robust, stout, and well made, short black hair, remarkable for a scar on one of his temples; he is a forward, deceitful, vicious, and unprincipled fellow, and decoyed from my service Jeffry Corbet, about the same age and height, but of a milder disposition, and more slender make, short brown hair; their working apparel was blue cloth over jackets, lined with coarse brown linen, check and brown linen shirts, grey yarn stockings, mixed twilled grey cloth trowsers, and russett leather shoes; they have other cloathing which altogether gives them the appearance of seafaring men, but have been brought up to the farming business; no doubt will have forged passes and change their names and apparel as convenient, and have taken the post road to Philapelphia, I purchased them the last fall of capt. Rollins, in Baltimore. I will give Fifty Dollars for securing them so that I get them, and will pay all reasonable charges if brought home, or if separated, Thirty Dollars for Thomas, and Twenty for Jeffry.
ARTHUR BRYAN,
Head of Wye, Talbot County—March 7.
march 14. 3aw3w

TO RENT,
A good three story House,
TWO rooms on each floor, with a convenient Kitchen—in Front, near South-street.——Enquire of the Printer. march 3—3aw3w

PROPOSAL,
For Publishing by Subscription,
AN
ENQUIRY
INTO THE
ORIGIN OF EPIDEMIC DISEASES.
THE Letters to Dr. Currie, which I published last autumn, led me to an investigation of the origin and phenomena of pestilential diseases in other countries, as well as in the United States. In the prosecution of the subject, new facts and principles continually opened to my view, and finally determined me to trace back the history of such diseases as far as the records of history extend. For this purpose, I have examined the public libraries in New-York, New-Haven, Cambridge and Boston, with a view to obtain all the material facts which can illustrate the subject, and I have nearly collected all the materials for the proposed work.
The facts collected will enable me to demonstrate that many of the common ideas respecting pestilential epidemics, are unfounded or extremely incorrect; and this in consequence of medical writers considering an epidemic disease as a detached or isolated phenomenon in a particular country; rather than as connected with other epidemics or other phenomena of nature in various parts of the world. The facts I have collected lead to certain deductions which are surprising to myself, and which will probably be new to many others. Much light will be thrown on this dark and perplexing subject, as well as on natural philosophy.
The proposed work will make a full-sized octavo volume; and executed well on fine paper, cannot be afforded at less than two dollars, bound, with the usual allowance to book-sellers. As the compilation will cost not only great labor, but considerable expence, no more copies will be printed than to supply subscribers. The book will be ready for subscribers early in the coming summer, and the holders of proposals will be good enough to return them to No. 40, Pine-street, by the first of May.
SUBSCRIPTIONS received by the book-sellers in New-York, Philadelphia, Albany, New-Haven, Hartford, New-London, Providence, Boston, Baltimore and Charleston.
NOAH WEBSTER, JUN.
march 28.

Just received, and for Sale at the Bookstore of
WILLIAM YOUNG;
No. 52 South Second-street.
A COMPLETE HISTORY OF
CONNECTICUT,
CIVIL AND ECCLESIASTICAL,
From the emigration of its first planters from England in 1630, to 1713.
By *BENJAMIN TRUMBULL*, D. D.
VOLUME I.
Embellished with a correct Map of the State, and Portraits of some of the first settlers, from original paintings.
march 15. 1eo1w

New-York, February, 1798.
PROPOSALS BY GEORGE FORMAN,
FOR PRINTING BY SUBSCRIPTION,
A New and Valuable Work, which has been extant only six months—entitled
PROOFS of a CONSPIRACY against all the Religions and Governments of EUROPE, carried on in the secret meetings of Free Masons, Illuminati, and Reading Societies. Collected from good authorities,
By JOHN ROBISON, A. M.
Professor of Natural Philosophy, and Secretary to the Royal Society of Edinburgh.
Nam tua res agitur paries cum proximus ardet.
☞ THIS work will be put to press as soon as 400 subscribers are obtained, and no money required until the work is completed.—It shall be printed with an elegant new type, and on paper of superior quality, which will comprise about 400 pages neat octavo, handsomely bound and lettered—the price will be one dollar and fifty cents.
Those who procure 12 subscribers, and become accountable, shall have a 13th gratis—and the usual allowance to booksellers.
*** THE above work comes from the pen of J. Robison, of Edinborough, a gentleman in high estimation in the literary world—the facts therein recorded are well substantiated, and the reasoning and arguments thence deduced, while they discover the sound judgment and penetration of the writer, are calculated to amuse as well as to instruct. A scene of villainy is developed by the author sufficient to appal the stoutest heart.—The danger to be apprehended from secret societies is clearly pointed out; the degeneracy of human nature awfully illustrated, and the hazard of every deviation from the straight path of religion and of virtue, incontestibly proved both to the politician and the christian by stubborn and incontrovertable facts.
†††*Subscriptions taken in by* G. Forman, *No. 46, William-street, opposite the Post-Office, and by the respective booksellers in New York and Philadelphia.*
February 28.

Interpreter of Foreign Languages.
JOSEPH E. G. M. DE LA GRANGE,
Walnut-street, No. 110,
BEING duly commissioned and sworn in the above capacity, offers to translate the French, English, Spanish, Portuguese and Italian Languages: he flatters himself that his former profession, as advocate, both in France and St. Domingo, has well qualified him to translate any Court proceedings or other Judiciary instruments.
N. B. The FRENCH CIRCULATING LIBRARY continues open at the above place. Many valuable additions having been made to this collection, it consists now of about 1500 volumes, the best adapted to answer the purpose of those who wish both to improve in the Language, and obtain useful instruction and pleasure.
march 30. 2awim

A House and Lot in *Burlington.*
FOR SALE,
A LARGE commodious two story brick House, and large well improved Garden; with a large Clover Lot, a stable, a Carriage House, and Spring House, &c. in the City of Burlington, New-Jersey.
This property is allowed to be the most healthy and beautiful of any in Burlington, having a front of 360 feet upon the river, and extending 208 feet back; bounded on one side by Broad-street, and on the back by a wide alley.
The house is in form of a square, fronting 54 feet upon Broad-street, and 58 upon the river.—with a pump of water at the back door, besides two fine springs rising out of the beautiful bank between the garden and the river.
For particulars, apply at No. 5, South Fourth-street, to
GEO. WALKER.
Who has also For Sale,
Lots in Washington City.
march 21. §

JUST RECEIVED.
And for sale by W. Young, corner of Second and Chesnut-street, M. Carey 118 High-street T. Dobson, 41 South Second-street and the Bookseilers generally,
(Price 5-8ths of a Dollar.)
BEACON HILL,
A *Local Poem*, historic and descriptive:
By a Lady of Boston.
ANALYSIS OF BOOK I.
Allusion to the surrounding Prospect—Invocation to the River and sylvan Deities—to the Historic Muse—Fiction discarded—Dedication to Washington—The Action opens at the Retreat of the Columbians from Bunker's Hill—General Howe—The Memory of his Brother—Death of Warren—Personification of Fortune and Fame—Washington at Mount Vernon—called to the chief Command—Formation of the Columbian Camp at Cambridge—Natural, moral, or political History of the several States—Their commanding Officers—Siege of Boston—Its Sufferings—Negotiation for the safe Retreat of the British Army—Its Departure—Appointment of Congress—Declaration of Independence—Character of the Columbian Soldiers—The Poet's prophetic Apostrophe to the Progress of Freedom throughout the World.
march 30. §

JUST PUBLISHED,
AND FOR SALE AT THIS OFFICE,
(Price 25 Cents)
Reflections on Monroe's View
OF THE CONDUCT OF THE EXECUTIVE,
As published in the
GAZETTE of the UNITED STATES,
Under the signature of
SCIPIO,
In which the Commercial Warfare *of France is traced to the* French Faction in this Country, *as its Source, and the Motives of Opposition, &c.*
march 30.

Wanted,
An active, cleanly, industrious woman to cook and do the business of the kitchen. Such a one will be allowed good wages, and no other need apply.—Enquire of the Printer.
February 7 §

Notice is hereby given,
THAT application will be made for the renewal of a Certificate of a Share in the Bank of the United States, standing in the name of the Subscriber, No. 5004, and dated July 11, 1797—the same having been lost.
JOHN GRAHAM.
march 5 §6w

TO LET,
And may be entered on immediately,
A good dry Store,
Three stories high, and in an excellent stand for business. Apply to
Thomas & Joshua Fisher,
march 1. § No. 5. Dock-street.

Fresh Teas.
Just Imported, in the ship Delaware,
Captain Cooper, from Canton,
And For Sale, by
SAMUEL HOWELL,
At his Compting House, No. 54, Chesnut-street,
AND BY
SAM. E. HOWELL,
At his Compting House, Crooked billet wharf,
Bohea, Souchong, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, and Imperial TEAS.
ALSO,
China Ware, assorted; black and coloured Lutestrings and Sattins, Nankeens, Cassia, large garden and common Fans, sattin and lutestring Umbrellas, whale-bone sticks.
They have also For Sale,
Ell wide Persians, Bandanna Handkerchiefs, French Cambricks and Umbrellas, Sugar in boxes.
march 8. §

New-York, January 24, 1798
PROPOSALS
By Arondt Van Hook,
Proprietor of the Reading Room;
For Publishing by Subscription,
An Appeal to Impartial Posterity,
By MADAME ROLAND;
Wife of the Minister of the Interior in France.
CONDITIONS.
These scarce and very valuable Historical Memoirs, (which ran through two London editions in a few months,) will be comprised in 2 vols. octavo, of 400 pages each.
They will be printed on fine paper and a new type, and delivered to Subscribers, neatly bound and lettered, at 1 dollar and 50 cents per volume—one third of the Subscription money to be paid on delivery of the first volume—the remainder when the work is compleat.
To Printers, Booksellers, and others, who acquire Subscriptions, the usual allowance will be made.
☞ Subscriptions are taken at the Reading-Room, No. 149, Water street—the Printing-Office, 149, Pearl-street—and at the different Bookstores in New-York. Also, by William Young, corner of Second and Chesnut street, and the Editor of the Gazette of the United States, Philadelphia.
As soon as a sufficient number of Subscribers are obtained, the work will be put to press, and compleated with the utmost dispatch.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,
MARCH 1, 1798.
PUBLIC NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN,
IN pursuance of the Act of Congress passed on the sixth day of July one thousand seven hundred and ninety seven, entitled "An Act laying duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper", and the Act passed on the fifteenth day of December, one thousand seven hundred and ninety-seven, entitled "An Act to postpone for a limited time the commencement of the duties imposed by the Act entitled "An Act laying Duties on Stamped Vellum, Parchment and Paper", that from and after the first day of July ensuing, the several Stamped Duties hereafter enumerated, will be levied and collected throughout the United States.

I.

For every skin or piece of Vellum or Parchment, or sheet or piece of Paper, upon which shall be written or printed any or either of the instruments or writings following—to wit:

	Dls	Cts.	Mls
Any Certificate of Naturalization,	5		
Any Licence to practice, or Certificate of the admission, enrolment or registry of any Counsellor, Solicitor, Attorney, Advocate or Proctor, in any Court of the United States,	10		
Provided, that a Certificate in any one of the Courts of the United States for one of the said Offices, shall so far as relates to the payment of the duty aforesaid, be a sufficient admission in all the Courts of the United States, for each and every of the said offices.			
Any Grant or Letters Patent, under the seal or authority of the United States (except for lands granted for military services)	4		
Any exemplification or certified copy of any such grant or letters patent, (except for lands granted for military services)	2		
Any Charter-Party, Bottomry, or Respondentia Bond,	1		
Any Receipt or discharge for or on account of any Legacy left by any Will or other testamentary instrument, or for any share or part of a personal estate divided by force of any statute of distributions, other than to the Wife, Children or Grand Children of the person deceased, the amount whereof shall be above the value of Fifty Dollars, and shall not exceed the value of One Hundred Dollars,		25	
When the amount thereof shall exceed the value of One Hundred Dollars and shall not exceed five hundred dollars,		50	
And for every further sum of Five Hundred Dollars, the additional sum of	1		
Any Policy of Insurance or instrument in nature thereof, on any ship, vessel or goods insured from one district to another in the United States,		25	
From the United States to any foreign port or place, when the sum for which Insurance is made shall not exceed five hundred dollars,		25	
When the sum insured shall exceed five hundred dollars,	1		
Any Exemplification, of what nature soever, that shall pass the seal of any Court, other than such as it may be the duty of the Clerk of such Court to furnish for the use of the United States or some particular State,		50	
Any Bond, bill single or penal, foreign or inland bill of exchange, promissory note or other note, other than any recognizance, bill, bond, or other obligation or contract, made to or with the United States or any state, or for their use respectively,			
If above twenty dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars,		10	
If above one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars,		25	
If above five hundred dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars,		50	
And if above one thousand dollars,		75	
Provided, that if any bonds or notes shall be payable at or within sixty days, such bonds or notes shall be subject to only two fifth parts of the duty aforesaid—viz.			
If above twenty dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars,		4	
If above one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars,		10	
If above five hundred dollars and not exceeding one thousand dollars,		20	
If above one thousand dollars,		30	
Any Notes issued by the banks now established, or that may hereafter be established within the United States, other than the notes of such of the said Banks as shall agree to an annual composition, of one per centum on the annual dividends made by such Banks, to their Stockholders respectively, according to the following scale.			
On all notes not exceeding fifty dollars, for each dollar,			6
On all notes above fifty dollars, and not exceeding one hundred dollars,		50	
On all notes above one hundred dollars and not exceeding five hundred dollars,	1		
On all notes above five hundred dollars,	2		
Any Protest or other Notarial act,		25	
Any Letter of Attorney, except for an invalid pension, or to obtain or sell Warrants for Land granted by the United States as bounty for military services performed in the late war,		25	
Any Certificate or Debenture for drawback of Customs or duties, for less than five hundred dollars,	1		
For five hundred dollars and not exceeding two thousand dollars,	2		
For more than two thousand dollars,	3		
Any note or bill of lading for goods or merchandize to be exported, If from one district to another district of the United States, not being in the same State,		10	
If from the United States to any foreign port or place,		25	
Any Inventory or Catalogue of any furniture, goods or effects, made in any case required by law, (except in cases of goods and chattels distrained for rent or taxes, and goods taken in virtue of any legal process by any officer,)		50	
Any Certificate of a Share in any Insurance Company, of a share in the Bank of the United States, or of any State or other Bank,			
If above twenty dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars,		10	
If above one hundred dollars,		25	
If under twenty dollars, at the rate of ten *cents* for one *hundred* dollars.			

II.

The duties aforesaid will be collected and received by the Supervisors, Inspectors and other Officers of Inspection, in the several Districts, Surveys and Divisions of the United States, and by such other persons as shall from time to time be specially appointed and employed by the Supervisors of Districts for that purpose.

III.

The Supervisors of the several Districts will, prior to the first day of July ensuing, and as soon as may be practicable, mark or stamp, without fee or reward, any quantities or parcels of Vellum, Parchment or Paper, with any of the rates of duties before enumerated, on payment of the said duties; Or stamped vellum, parchment and paper may at the option of the Citizens of the United States, be obtained at the rates prescribed by law, by application to any Supervisor, Inspector, Officer of Inspection, or other person appointed for the distribution of Stamps, by the Supervisors of Districts.
GIVEN under my Hand, at Philadelphia the day and year abovementioned.
OLIVER WOLCOTT,
Secretary of the Treasury.
March 10.

FOR SALE,
By WHARTON & LEWIS,
No. 115 South Front Street.
A quantity of Tanner's Oil,
4th proof Jamaica Rum, } entitled to
1st and 2d proof Brandy, } drawback.
Madeira Wine,
Juniper Berries, &c. &c.
Feb. 9. eodtf

NOTICE.
ALL persons who have any demands against the estate of WILLIAM FLEETWOOD, of Liverpool, late of Philadelphia, merchant, deceased, are requested to exhibit their accounts, properly attested; and those who are indebted to the same, are desired to make immediate payment, to
GEO. DORSON, } *Administr'r*
No. 25, So. Third-street. }
January 4. dtf

Just Published,
And to be had at the Book-stores of Messrs. DOBSON, CAMPBELL, YOUNG and ORMROD, in Philadelphia,
OBSERVATIONS
On the Causes and Cure of Remitting or Bilious Fevers.
To which is annexed,
AN ABSTRACT of the opinions and practice of different authors: and an APPENDIX, exhibiting interesting facts and reflections relative to the *Synochus Icteroides*, or Yellow Fever, which has occasioned so much distress and mortality, at different periods, in several of the seaport towns of the United States of America.
BY WILLIAM CURRIE,
Felow of the Philadelphia College of Physicians, and Member of the American Philosophical Society. Feb. 1—*3m

Canal Lottery----No. II.
WILL commence drawing Monday, the 20th inst. Tickets for Sale in this Lottery, at *Seven Dollars*, at WM. BLACKBURN's Lottery and Brokers Office, No. 64, South Second-street—Tickets in the Schuylkill Bridge Lottery, at *Ten Dollars*, where check books are kept for registering and examining in these, the City of Washington, No. II. and Patterson Lotteries, and information where tickets may be had in most of the Lotteries authorised by law in any of the States of the Union.
N. B. The business of a BROKER, in buying and selling all kinds of Public Stock and Securities, discounting Bills and Notes of Hand, sale of Lands, Houses, &c. &c. will be duly attended to, by WM. BLACKBURN.
November 15. §

Salisbury Estate.
THE Subscriber, proposing to contract his business, offers this Estate for sale, on moderate terms. On it are one Blast and three Air Furnaces, a complete Boreing Machine, and a very good grist Mill, with two pair of stones; also a good Forge, all in perfect repair, as are all the Water Works connected with these various branches. The Air Furnaces were lately built for the purpose of casting Cannon for this State.—There are about two thousand acres of Land, one half of which is under wood, the other very fine arable Land, producing the best Hay and Pasture. The Cannon lately manufactured there, fully proves the excellency of the metal, which is superior to any in this country, and probably, equal to any in the world; for not one of sixty-nine guns lately made, although some of the 24 were bored into 32 pounders, have failed on proving. The situation is very eligible, particularly for this branch of manufacture, and a place of arms lying in the state of Connecticut, and only 30 miles from several landings on the Hudson's river, and having every advantage that can result from a plenty of water issuing from a large natural pond, very near the Furnace, and which may be converted into a variety of other useful purposes. The purchaser can be accommodated with all the stock and utensils, and have possession on or before the first of June next, and preparation may be made in the meantime for going into Blast immediately thereafter, for every part will be delivered in good order, with some coal, Ore, &c. &c. For terms, apply to Mr. Joseph Anthony, in Philadelphia; David Brooks, Esq. one of the Representatives in Congress for this State; Mr. David Waterman, on the premises, or to the proprietor in New-York.
WILLIAM NEILSON.
Dec. 1. 3awtf

NOTICE.
A Manufactory of yellow and delft ware,
Such as never was in this Country before, has been lately erected at Tivoli, Red Hook Landing, on the East Bank of Hudson's River, state of New-York, where any article of various sorts and shapes may be executed, as well as earthern stoves upon a new construction, that saves three fourths of the fuel commonly used in cast iron stoves or open chymnies; they are besides very wholesome and ornamental, by applying to
J. MOUCHET,
Wanted a skillful hand to attend to the baking and glazing part of the said ware. Generous appointments will be given. Apply as above, or to
DAVID BROOKS, Esq.
No. 71 South 5th Street.
Feb. 19. eod4w

Wanted, to Hire,
A Large and convenient HOUSE, in or near the centre of the city—for which a generous rent will be given; to be taken for a year, or no more for a longer term. Inquire of the Printer.
Oct. 17. eotf